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 Name of Examination : **Summer 2021** - (Preview)

 Course Code & Course Name : **EE204U - Signals and Systems**

 Generated At : **19-04-2022 14:58:30**

 Maximum Marks : **60**

 Duration : **3 Hrs**
[Edit](#) [Print](#) [View Answer Key](#) [Close](#) **Answer Key Submission Type:** Marking scheme with model answers and solutions of numerical

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Illustrate your answer with suitable figures/sketches wherever necessary.
3. Assume suitable additional data; if required.
4. Use of logarithmic table, drawing instruments and non programmable calculators is allowed.
5. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**1)** Attempt any three sub-questions.

- a) Consider a DTLTI system represented by the impulse response  $h(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$  [6]  
Determine whether this system is causal, stable, and memoryless. Justify your answer.
- b) Consider a system represented by the following equation [6]  
 $y(t) = mx(t) + 2$ .  
The input signal of the system is  $x(t)$  and the output signal of the system is  $y(t)$ .  
Determine whether this system is linear, time-invariant, stable, and causal.
- c) Calculate the total energy of the signal, which is defined as follows [6]

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 5 + t, & -5 \leq t \leq -4 \\ 1, & -4 \leq t \leq 4 \\ -t + 5, & 4 \leq t \leq 5 \end{cases}$$

Determine whether this signal is an energy signal or a power signal.

- d) Derive the expression to determine the response of the DTLTI system. Hence determine the response of the DTLTI system having impulse response  $h[n]$  and signal  $x[n]$ , that is given below. [6]  
 $x[n] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $h[n] = \{1, -1\}$

**2)** Attempt any three sub-questions.

- a) Find the Fourier transform of the signal shown in figure 1. Also, sketch its magnitude spectrum. [6]

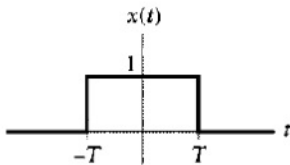
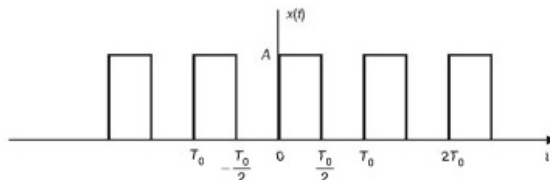


Figure 1

- b) State and prove the following properties of Z transform. [6]  
i) Shifting in time domain  
ii) Convolution in time domain
- c) Consider a CTTLTI system characterized by impulse response  $h(t) = 2e^{-t}u(t)$ . [6]  
calculate and sketch the output of the system for input signal  $x(t) = u(t)$ .
- d) Find the Fourier series representation of the signal shown in figure 2. [6]


**3)** Attempt any three sub-questions.

- a) Consider a continuous-time LTI system for which the input  $x(t)$  and output  $y(t)$  are related by following differential equation [6]  
 $y''(t) + y'(t) - 2y(t) = x(t)$   
1. Find the system function  $H(s)$   
2. Determine the impulse response of the system  $h(t)$ , for the causal system.

- b) Determine the z-transform of the signal  $x(n) = 3^n u(n)$ . [6]  
Hence determine the z-transform of the signal  $y(n) = 3^{n-2} u(n-2)$ .  
Sketch the region of convergence for  $X(Z)$  and  $Y(Z)$ .
- c) Determine the inverse Laplace transform of the following  $X(s)$ . [6]  
 $X(s) = \frac{2s+4}{s^2+4s+3}$ ,  $\text{Re}(s) > -1$ .  
What will be the inverse Laplace transform, if the region of convergence is modified to  $-3 < \text{Re}(s) < -1$ .
- d) Using Z-transform, calculate the response  $y[n]$  of the DTLTI system, described by the following difference equation. [6]  
 $y[n] = -3y[n-1] + x[n]$ .  
The input signal applied to this system is  $x[n] = u[n]$ .  
Assume initial condition  $y[-1] = 1$ .
- 4) State and explain any two properties of the autocorrelation function. Calculate autocorrelation function for the signal  $x(n) = \{1, 2, 2, 1\}$ . [6]

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